[Total No. of Questions - 7] [Total No. of Printed Pages - 2] (2063)

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## B. Pharmacy 2nd Semester Examination Pharmacokinetics

MP-123

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 90

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answer-book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary continuation sheet will be issued.

## **SECTION - A**

Answer any seven questions:

 $(7 \times 5 = 35)$ 

- 1. (i) What is the difference between facilitated absorption and active absorption?
  - (ii) Briefly explain the role of plasma proteins in drug distribution.
  - (iii) Explain the terms MAT, MDT and MRT.
  - (iv) What is bioavailability and how is it determined?
  - (v) What is meant by MM kinetics and how does it dictate drug action in the body.
  - (vi) What is the purpose of Phase I reactions in drug metabolism. Give few examples of these reactions.
  - (vii) What is meant by inulin clearance and creatinine clearance? What is their significance?

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- (viii) What are pharmaceutical equivalents and therapeutic equivalents? Give few examples for each.
  - (ix) Briefly explain the influence of genetic factors on drug action.

## **SECTION - B**

Answer any three questions:

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$ 

- Enlist the parameters of a drug molecule that make it suitable for formulation in transdermal drug delivery system. Briefly explain the pharmacokinetic advantages of this dosage form.
- What is meant by bioavailability and bioequivalence? Enumerate the dosage forms/ categories of drugs that are exempted from bioequivalence determinations.
- 4. What is hepatic extraction ratio? Enumerate the factors influencing it and its clinical relevance.
- 5. Briefly explain the pharmacokinetic basis of sustained release oral formulations How are these formulations better than multiple dosing method?

Answer any one question:

 $(25 \times 1 = 25)$ 

- 6. Discuss the method used for adjusting dose/ dosing interval in uremic patients.
- 7. Explain the reasons for non-linear behavior of drugs and the methods used for evaluating such pharmacokinetic behavior.