[Total No. of Questions - 9] [Total No. of Printed es - 3] (2126)

16043(D) " 0 DEC 2016

# B. Tech 3rd Semester Examination Digital Electronics Engineering (NS) EC-211

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

(5)

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answerbook (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

- Note: (i) Attempt five questions selecting one question from each section A, B, C and D.
  - (ii) Section E is compulsory.
  - (iii) Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.

### SECTION - A

- (a) Convert the octal number (765.43)<sub>8</sub> into the binary, decimal and hexadecimal equivalent. (5)
  - (b) Divide  $110011_2$  by  $101_2$ . (5)
  - (c) State and prove deMorgan's theorem for two variables. (5)
  - (d) Generate the hamming code for the byte 10110010<sub>2</sub>. (5)
- 2. (a) Convert the octal number (257.46)<sub>8</sub> into binary, hexadecimal and decimal numbers. (5)
  - (b) Perform the subtraction using 2's complement arithmetic. (-52) (-84). (5)
  - (c) State and prove consensus theorem. (5)
  - (d) Write short notes on error detection and correction codes.

### SECTION - B

- 3. (a) Reduce the following function using k-map.  $F(A,B,C,D,E) = \Sigma(0,2,3,8,11,10,15,17,22,24,30) + d(5,6,27,29,31)$ . (10)
  - (b) Draw a CMOS two input AND gate and two input OR gate. Explain each of its working. Derive the equations from the circuit. (10)
- 4. (a) Draw an ECL NOR gate and explain its working. Mention its advantages and disadvantages. (10)
  - (b) Provide a circuit diagram which implements the following boolean function using only NAND gates F = (A + D').
     (B + C + D').(A + B' + C') that has the don't care states: ABC'D', ABC'D, ABCD and ABCD'.

### SECTION - C

- 5. (a) Draw and explain the working of a BCD adder with the necessary equations (5)
  - (b) Starting with a truth table, draw and explain the function of a 8:1 multiplexer(5)
  - (c) Convert a J-K Flip Flop into D-FF and T-FF. Draw the necessary diagrams and derive the equations. (5)
  - (d) Build a 4-bit binary ripple down-counter. Draw the circuit for the same (5)
- 6. (a) Draw and explain a 4-bit universal shift register. (5)
  - (b) Construct a synchronous 4-bit BCD counter using D-FFs. Draw the circuit for the same. (5)
  - (c) Draw the truth table of a full subtractor, derive the expressions and draw the circuit for the same. (5)

(d) Explain the working of any encoder with suitable diagrams and equations. (5)

# SECTION - D

- (a) Draw and explain a DAC with binary ladder network.
   Discuss the pros and cons. (10)
  - (b) Classify semiconductor memories. Describe PLAs and how logic is implemented on them with an example.

(10)

- (a) Write short notes on Content Addressable Memories.
   Draw necessary block diagrams. (10)
  - (b) Draw and explain successive approximation ADC. (10)

## SECTION - E

- 9. Each sub part carries 2 marks:
  - (a) Rewrite the expression F=A+B+CD in canonical POS form.
  - (b) Write the BCD equivalents of 8421 code.
  - (c) Differentiate between RAM and ROM.
  - (d) Draw the D-Latch and explain its working.
  - (e) Draw a 4-bit asynchronous counter using T-FFs.
  - (f) Convert the two's complement number (1110)<sub>2</sub> into its decimal equivalent
  - (g) Write the truth table of a 2:4 Decoder and give its equation,
  - (h) List the important parameters to be considered in an ADC.
  - (i) Write the importance of parity and list some of its applications,
  - (j) Differentiate between positive logic and negative logic. (10×2=20)