

16023(J) -16

B. Tech 2nd Semester Examination

Engineering Chemistry (NS)

NS-103

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answer-book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note : Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each of the sections A, B, C, and D of the question paper and all the subparts of the questions in section E.

SECTION - A

1. (i) Define specific conductance and equivalent conductance. Derive the relationship between them.
- (ii) What are reference electrode? Discuss the construction and limitations of glass electrodes.
- (iii) Write the electrode reactions and calculate the EMF of following cell at 298K. Given that  $E^{\circ}_{\text{cell}} = 1.3\text{V}$ .  
 $\text{Cu(s)} / \text{Cu}^{2+} (0.01\text{M}) // \text{Ag}^{+} (0.01\text{M}) / \text{Ag(s)}$  (7+8+5=20)
2. (i) Explain phase rule with the help of two component system. Give the practical applications of this system.
- (ii) Describe the phase diagram for Lead-Silver two component system.
- (iii) What are the differences between phase diagram of one- and two-component systems? (8+8+4=20)

[P.T.O.]

SECTION - B

3. (i) What do you mean by hardness of water? How it is classified?
- (ii) Mention the disadvantages of using hard water for domestic purpose.
- (iii) Write a note on scale and sludge formation. (7+7+6=20)
4. What is corrosion? Describe the theory of corrosion and various factor affecting the corrosion. How corrosion be prevented? (2+12+6=20)

SECTION - C

5. (i) Explain the principle of NMR spectroscopy.
- (ii) Discuss the various applications of UV-visible spectroscopy.
- (iii) Write a note on shielding and de-shielding effect. (7+8=5=20)
6. (i) What is the process of cracking? What are the advantages of catalytic cracking over thermal cracking?
- (ii) Write notes on (a) Water gas (b) Producer gas
- (iii) Explain why: A good fuel must have low ash content. (8+8+4=20)

SECTION - D

7. What are polymers? How are they classified? Explain types of polymerisations. Discuss some important applications of commercial polymers. (2+5+5+8=20)
8. (i) What are composite materials, their types and their important properties? What are the applications of different types of composites?

- (ii) What are the advantages of composite materials over traditional materials? (15+5=20)

**SECTION - E**

9. (i) What are different types of concentration cells?
- (ii) What is EMF of a cell?
- (iii) What is meant by the term component?
- (iv) Explain why hard water does not produce lather with soap.
- (v) Explain briefly the reaction during the rusting of Iron.
- (vi) Give differences between fluorescence and phosphorescence.
- (vii) Write a note on gaseous fuel.
- (viii) Why is teflon highly chemical resistant?
- (ix) What is meant by degree of polymerisation?
- (x) What are the causes of failure of composites? (2×10=20)